

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

**PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 10, 2021

REPAY HOLDINGS CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-38531

(Commission File Number)

98-1496050

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

**3 West Paces Ferry Road
Suite 200
Atlanta, GA 30305**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(404) 504-7472**

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	RPAY	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 10, 2021, Repay Holdings Corporation (the "Company") issued a press release announcing the results of the Company's operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2021.

A copy of the Company's press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is hereby incorporated by reference in this Item 2.02. As provided in General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information and exhibits contained in this Item 2.02 shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), nor shall they be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 10, 2021, the Company provided supplemental information regarding its business and operations in an earnings supplement and investor presentation that will be made available on the investor relations section of the Company's website.

Copies of the earnings supplement and investor presentation are attached hereto as Exhibits 99.2 and 99.3 and are hereby incorporated by reference in this Item 7.01. As provided in General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information and exhibits contained in this Item 7.01 shall not be deemed to be "filed"

for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, nor shall they be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1*	Press release issued May 10, 2021 by Repay Holdings Corporation
99.2*	Earnings Supplement, dated May 2021
99.3*	Investor Presentation, dated May 2021
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

* Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 10, 2021

Repay Holdings Corporation

By: /s/ Timothy J. Murphy

Timothy J. Murphy
Chief Financial Officer

REPAY Reports First Quarter 2021 Financial Results and Updated 2021 Guidance

ATLANTA, May 10, 2021 -- Repay Holdings Corporation (NASDAQ: RPAY) ("REPAY" or the "Company"), a leading provider of vertically-integrated payment solutions, today reported financial results for its first quarter ended March 31, 2021.

"We are pleased with our results in the first quarter, with card payment volume and gross profit growth of 20% and 22%, respectively. This was driven by strong results across all of our businesses," said John Morris, CEO of REPAY. "We made solid progress against our key growth objectives in the quarter, by increasing the size of our direct sales force as well as integrating additional software partners and expanding our B2B supplier network. During the quarter we also strengthened our balance sheet, positioning us well for acquisition opportunities, including BillingTree which we announced today."

Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 Highlights

- Card payment volume was \$4.6 billion, an increase of 20% over the first quarter of 2020
- Total revenue was \$47.5 million, a 20% increase over the first quarter of 2020
- Gross profit was \$35.0 million, an increase of 22% over the first quarter of 2020
- Net loss was (\$18.0) million, as compared to a net loss of (\$13.2) million in the first quarter of 2020
- Adjusted EBITDA was \$20.5 million, an increase of 18% over the first quarter of 2020
- Adjusted Net Income was \$15.1 million, an increase of 22% over the first quarter of 2020
- Adjusted Net Income per share was \$0.18

Gross profit represents total revenue less cost of services. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Net Income per share are non-GAAP financial measures. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and the reconciliations of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income to their most comparable GAAP measures provided below for additional information.

Subsequent Events

On May 10, 2021, the Company announced the acquisition of BillingTree for approximately \$503 million, consisting of \$275 million in cash and \$228 million in stock. The cash consideration for the transaction will be financed with cash on hand and is expected to close by the end of the second quarter, subject to certain customary closing conditions.

On April 12, 2021 the Securities and Exchange Commission issued guidance (the "Statement") regarding the accounting and reporting of warrants by special purpose acquisition companies. On April 30, 2021, the Company announced that, following a review of the Statement and its accounting practices, that it is restating certain of its previously issued financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the quarterly periods included therein. There was no impact from the restatement to the Company's financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2021, as no warrants were outstanding after July 27, 2020. The financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 reported in this communication reflect the reclassification of warrants as liabilities for the reporting period.

2021 Outlook Update

REPAY expects the following financial results for full year 2021, which reflects the assumption that the BillingTree acquisition closes by the end of the second quarter 2021, and replaces previously provided guidance.

	Full Year 2021 Outlook
	Updated Guidance
Card Payment Volume	\$19.9 - 20.4 billion
Total Revenue	\$210 - 220 million
Gross Profit	\$159 - 165 million
Adjusted EBITDA	\$91 - 96 million

This range assumes no further unforeseen COVID-related impacts, which could create substantial economic duress in 2021. REPAY does not provide quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking, non-GAAP financial measures, such as forecasted 2021 Adjusted EBITDA, to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, because it is difficult to reliably predict or estimate the relevant components without unreasonable effort due to future uncertainties that may potentially have significant impact on such calculations, and providing them may imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or potentially misleading.

Conference Call

REPAY will host a conference call to discuss first quarter 2021 financial results today at 5:00 pm ET. Hosting the call will be John Morris, CEO, and Tim Murphy, CFO. The call will be webcast live from REPAY's investor relations website at <https://investors.repay.com/investor-relations>. The conference call can also be accessed live over the phone by dialing (877) 407-3982, or for international callers (201) 493-6780. A replay will be available one hour after the call and can be accessed by dialing (844) 512-2921 or (412) 317-6671 for international callers; the conference ID is 13718958. The replay will be available at <https://investors.repay.com/investor-relations>.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This communication includes certain non-GAAP financial measures that REPAY's management uses to evaluate its operating business, measure its performance and make strategic decisions. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net income prior to interest expense, tax expense, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted to add back certain non-cash and non-recurring charges, such as loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on termination of interest rate hedge, non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration, non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities, non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities, share-based compensation charges, transaction expenses, employee recruiting costs, other taxes, restructuring and other strategic initiative costs and other non-recurring charges. Adjusted Net Income is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net income prior to amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, as adjusted to add back certain non-cash and non-recurring charges, such as loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on termination of interest rate hedge, non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration, non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities, non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities, share-based compensation expense, transaction expenses, employee recruiting costs, restructuring and strategic initiative costs and other non-recurring charges, non-cash interest expense, net of tax effect associated with these adjustments. Adjusted Net Income is adjusted to exclude amortization of all acquisition-related

intangibles as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions. Management believes that the adjustment of acquisition-related intangible amortization supplements GAAP financial measures because it allows for greater comparability of operating performance. Although REPAY excludes amortization from acquisition-related intangibles from its non-GAAP expenses, management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangibles were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation. Adjusted Net Income per share is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents Adjusted Net Income divided by the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding (on as-converted basis) for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the three months ended March 31, 2020 (in each case, excluding shares subject to forfeiture). REPAY believes that Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Net Income per share provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating its operating results in the same manner as management. However, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Net Income per share are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as a substitute for net income, operating profit, or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Using these non-GAAP financial measures to analyze REPAY's business has material limitations because the calculations are based on the subjective determination of management regarding the nature and classification of events and circumstances that investors may find significant. In addition, although other companies in REPAY's industry may report measures titled Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Net Income per share, or similar measures, such non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated differently from how REPAY calculates its non-GAAP financial measures, which reduces their overall usefulness as comparative measures. Because of these limitations, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Net Income per share alongside other financial performance measures, including net income and REPAY's other financial results presented in accordance with GAAP.

Forward-Looking Statements

This communication contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future financial and operating results, REPAY's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "guidance," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "believe," "intend," "plan," "projection," "outlook" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, REPAY's updated 2021 outlook, anticipated benefits from, and the expected timing for completion of, the BillingTree acquisition, the impact of the restatement, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, expected demand on REPAY's product offering, including further implementation of electronic payment options and statements regarding REPAY's market and growth opportunities, and our business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations. Such forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of REPAY's management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control.

In addition to factors disclosed in REPAY's reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, as amended, and those identified elsewhere in this communication, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results and the timing of events to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements: exposure to economic

conditions and political risk affecting the consumer loan market and consumer and commercial spending; the impacts of the ongoing COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic and the actions taken to control or mitigate its spread (which impacts are highly uncertain and cannot be reasonably estimated or predicted at this time); a delay or failure to complete, integrate and/or realize the benefits of the BillingTree acquisition; a delay or failure to integrate and/or realize the benefits of the Company's other recent acquisitions; changes in the payment processing market in which REPAY competes, including with respect to its competitive landscape, technology evolution or regulatory changes; changes in the vertical markets that REPAY targets, including the regulatory environment applicable to REPAY's customers; risks relating to REPAY's relationships within the payment ecosystem; risk that REPAY may not be able to execute its growth strategies, including identifying and executing acquisitions; risks relating to data security; changes in accounting policies applicable to REPAY; and the risk that REPAY may not be able to develop and maintain effective internal controls.

Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially, and potentially adversely, from any projections and forward-looking statements and the assumptions on which those forward-looking statements are based. There can be no assurance that the data contained herein is reflective of future performance to any degree. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a predictor of future performance. All information set forth herein speaks only as of the date hereof in the case of information about REPAY or the date of such information in the case of information from persons other than REPAY, and REPAY disclaims any intention or obligation to update any forward looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the date of this communication. Forecasts and estimates regarding REPAY's industry and end markets are based on sources it believes to be reliable, however there can be no assurance these forecasts and estimates will prove accurate in whole or in part. Pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.

About REPAY

REPAY provides integrated payment processing solutions to verticals that have specific transaction processing needs. REPAY's proprietary, integrated payment technology platform reduces the complexity of electronic payments for merchants, while enhancing the overall experience for consumers and businesses.

Contacts

Investor Relations Contact for REPAY:

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Consolidated Statement of Operations

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	Three Months ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Revenue	\$47,520	\$39,463
Operating expenses		
Other costs of services	\$12,475	\$10,771
Selling, general and administrative	23,393	18,166
Depreciation and amortization	17,793	13,904
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2,649	—
Total operating expenses	\$56,310	\$42,841
Income (loss) from operations	\$(8,790)	\$(3,379)
Interest expenses	(1,183)	(3,518)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(5,941)	—
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	—	(6,898)
Change in fair value of tax receivable liability	1,043	(542)
Other income	28	39
Other loss	(9,080)	—
Total other (expenses) income	(15,133)	(10,919)
Income (loss) before income tax expense	(23,923)	(14,298)
Income tax benefit	5,942	1,116
Net income (loss)	\$(17,981)	\$(13,182)
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	(2,187)	(2,852)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	\$(15,794)	\$(10,330)
Weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding - basic and diluted	76,602,766	37,624,829
Loss per Class A share - basic and diluted	(\$0.21)	(\$0.27)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	March 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2020
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$390,922	\$91,130
Accounts receivable	23,897	21,311
Prepaid expenses and other	6,078	6,925
Total current assets	420,897	119,366
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,980	1,628
Restricted cash	19,525	15,375
Customer relationships, net of amortization	272,923	280,887
Software, net of amortization	59,987	64,435
Other intangible assets, net of amortization	23,389	23,905
Goodwill	458,960	458,970
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net of amortization	9,650	10,075
Deferred tax assets	141,799	135,337
Total noncurrent assets	988,213	990,612
Total assets	\$1,409,111	\$1,109,978
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$14,112	\$11,880
Related party payable	17,775	15,812
Accrued expenses	17,359	19,216
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	6,761
Current operating lease liabilities	1,563	1,527
Current tax receivable agreement	10,146	10,240
Total current liabilities	60,955	65,436
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	427,288	249,953
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	8,470	8,837
Tax receivable agreement	220,237	218,988
Other liabilities	889	10,583
Total noncurrent liabilities	656,884	488,361
Total liabilities	\$717,839	\$553,797
Commitment and contingencies (Note 12)		
Stockholders' equity		
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized and 78,084,846 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2021; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized and 71,244,682 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2020	8	7
Class V common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000 shares authorized and 100 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2021 and 2020	-	-
Additional paid-in capital	839,589	691,675
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	-	(6,437)
Accumulated deficit	(191,726)	(175,932)
Total stockholders' equity	\$647,871	\$509,313
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	43,400	46,868
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity and members' equity	\$1,409,111	\$1,109,978

Key Operating and Non-GAAP Financial Data

Unless otherwise stated, all results compare first quarter 2021 results to first quarter 2020 results from continuing operations for the period ended March 31, respectively.

The following tables and related notes reconcile these non-GAAP measures and the pro forma measures to GAAP information for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	Three months ended March 31,		
	2021	2020	% Change
Card payment volume	\$4,614,003	\$3,848,883	20%
Gross profit ¹	35,045	28,691	22%
Adjusted EBITDA ²	20,460	17,350	18%

(1) Gross profit represents total revenue less other costs of services.

(2) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net income adjusted for interest expense, depreciation and amortization and certain other non-cash charges and non-recurring items. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" above and the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable GAAP measure below.

Reconciliations of GAAP Net Income to Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020
(Unaudited)

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	Three Months ended March 31, 2021	
	2021	2020(m)
Revenue	\$47,520	\$39,463
Operating expenses		
Other costs of services	\$12,475	\$10,771
Selling, general and administrative	23,393	18,166
Depreciation and amortization	17,793	13,904
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2,649	—
Total operating expenses	\$56,310	\$42,841
Income (loss) from operations	\$(8,790)	\$(3,379)
Interest expenses	(1,183)	(3,518)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(5,941)	—
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	—	(6,898)
Change in fair value of tax receivable liability	1,043	(542)
Other income	28	39
Other loss	(9,080)	—
Total other (expenses) income	(15,133)	(10,919)
Income (loss) before income tax expense	(23,923)	(14,298)
Income tax benefit	5,942	1,116
Net income (loss)	\$(17,981)	\$(13,182)
Add:		
Interest expense	1,183	3,518
Depreciation and amortization(a)	17,793	13,904
Income tax (benefit)	(5,942)	(1,116)
EBITDA	\$(4,947)	\$3,124
Loss on extinguishment of debt(b)	5,941	—
Loss on termination of interest rate hedge(c)	9,080	—
Non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities(d)	—	6,898
Non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration(e)	2,649	—
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities(f)	(1,043)	542
Share-based compensation expense(g)	5,151	3,523
Transaction expenses(h)	2,340	2,869
Employee recruiting costs(i)	136	—
Other taxes(j)	139	186
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs(k)	628	78
Other non-recurring charges(l)	386	130
Adjusted EBITDA	\$20,460	\$17,350

**Reconciliations of GAAP Net Income to Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020
(Unaudited)**

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	Three Months ended March 31, 2021	
	2021	2020(m)
Revenue	\$47,520	\$39,463
Operating expenses		
Other costs of services	\$12,475	\$10,771
Selling, general and administrative	23,393	18,166
Depreciation and amortization	17,793	13,904
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2,649	—
Total operating expenses	\$56,310	\$42,842
Income (loss) from operations	\$(8,790)	\$(3,379)
Interest expenses	(1,183)	(3,518)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(5,941)	—
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	—	(6,898)
Change in fair value of tax receivable liability	1,043	(542)
Other income	28	39
Other loss	(9,080)	—
Total other (expenses) income	(15,133)	(10,919)
Income (loss) before income tax expense	(23,923)	(14,298)
Income tax benefit	5,942	1,116
Net income (loss)	\$(17,981)	\$(13,182)
Add:		
Amortization of Acquisition-Related Intangibles(n)	16,039	13,203
Loss on extinguishment of debt(b)	5,941	—
Loss on termination of interest rate hedge(c)	9,080	—
Non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities(d)	—	6,898
Non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration(e)	2,649	—
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities(f)	(1,043)	542
Share-based compensation expense(g)	5,151	3,523
Transaction expenses(h)	2,340	2,869
Employee recruiting costs(i)	136	—
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs(k)	628	78
Other non-recurring charges(l)	386	130
Non-cash interest expense(o)	536	—
Pro forma taxes at effective rate(p)	(8,722)	(1,697)
Adjusted Net Income	\$15,140	\$12,364
Shares of Class A common stock outstanding (on an as-converted basis)(q)	84,578,585	67,130,452
Adjusted Net income per share	\$0.18	\$0.18

- (a) See footnote (n) for details on our amortization and depreciation expenses.
 - (b) Reflects write-offs of debt issuance costs relating to prior term loans.
 - (c) Reflects realized loss of REPAY's interest rate hedging arrangement which terminated in conjunction with the repayment of prior term loans.
 - (d) Reflects the mark-to-market fair value adjustments of the warrant liabilities.
 - (e) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of future cash consideration to be paid in connection with prior acquisitions from the amount estimated as of the most recent balance sheet date.
 - (f) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of the fair value of the liability relating to the Tax Receivable Agreement.
 - (g) Represents compensation expense associated with equity compensation plans, totaling \$5,150,598 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, and \$3,522,731 in the three months ended March 31, 2020.
 - (h) Primarily consists of (i) during the three months ended March 31, 2021, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, cPayPlus and CPS Payments, as well as professional service expenses related to the January 2021 equity and convertible notes offerings, and (ii) during the three months ended March 31, 2020, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, and additional transaction expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination and the acquisitions of TriSource Solutions and APS Payments.
 - (i) Represents payments made to third-party recruiters in connection with a significant expansion of REPAY's personnel, which REPAY expects will become more moderate in subsequent periods.
 - (j) Reflects franchise taxes and other non-income based taxes.
 - (k) Reflects consulting fees related to our processing services and other operational improvements, including restructuring and integration activities related to our acquired businesses, that were not in the ordinary course during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.
 - (l) For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects extraordinary refunds to customers and other payments related to COVID-19. Additionally, in the three months ended March 31, 2021 reflects non-cash rent expense, and in the three months ended March 31, 2020, reflects expenses incurred related to one-time accounting system and compensation plan implementation related to becoming a public company.
 - (m) Does not include adjustment for incremental depreciation and amortization recorded due to fair-value adjustments under ASC 805.
 - (n) For the three months ended March 31, 2021, reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, cPayPlus, and CPS Payments. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, and Ventanex. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software. See additional information below for an analysis of our amortization expenses:
-

<i>(in \$ thousands)</i>	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Acquisition-related intangibles	\$16,039	\$13,203
Software	1,465	462
Amortization	\$17,504	\$13,665
Depreciation	289	239
Total Depreciation and amortization¹	\$17,793	\$13,904

- 1) Adjusted Net Income is adjusted to exclude amortization of all acquisition-related intangibles as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions (see corresponding adjustments in the reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income presented above). Management believes that the adjustment of acquisition-related intangible amortization supplements GAAP financial measures because it allows for greater comparability of operating performance. Although REPAY excludes amortization from acquisition-related intangibles from our non-GAAP expenses, management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangibles were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangibles that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangibles have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in the amortization of additional intangibles.
- (o) Represents non-cash deferred debt issuance costs.
 - (p) Represents pro forma income tax adjustment effect associated with items adjusted above.
 - (q) Represents the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding (on as-converted basis) for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and the three months ended March 31, 2020.



REPAY Q1 21 Earnings Supplement
May 2021

Repay Holdings Corporation ("REPAY" or the "Company") is required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Such filings, which you may obtain for free at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>, discuss some of the important risk factors that may affect REPAY's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation (the "Presentation") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future financial and operating results, REPAY's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "believe," "intend," "plan," "projection," "outlook" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, REPAY's updated 2021 outlook, anticipated benefits from, and the expected timing for completion of, the BillingTree acquisition, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, expected demand on REPAY's product offering, including further implementation of electronic payment options and statements regarding REPAY's market and growth opportunities, and our business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations. Such forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of REPAY's management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control. In addition to factors previously disclosed in REPAY's reports filed with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, as amended, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results and the timing of events to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements: exposure to economic conditions and political risk affecting the consumer loan market and consumer and commercial spending; the impacts of the ongoing COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic and the actions taken to control or mitigate its spread, which impacts are highly uncertain and cannot be reasonably estimated or predicted at this time; a delay or failure to complete, integrate and/or realize the benefits of the BillingTree acquisition; a delay or failure to integrate and/or realize the benefits of REPAY's other recent acquisitions; changes in the payment processing market in which REPAY competes, including with respect to its competitive landscape, technology evolution or regulatory changes; changes in the vertical markets that REPAY targets, including the regulatory environment applicable to REPAY's customers; risks relating to REPAY's relationships within the payment ecosystem; risk that REPAY may not be able to execute its growth strategies, including identifying and executing acquisitions; risks relating to data security; changes in accounting policies applicable to REPAY; and the risk that REPAY may not be able to develop and maintain effective internal controls. Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially, and potentially adversely, from any projections and forward-looking statements and the assumptions on which those forward-looking statements are based. There can be no assurance that the data contained herein is reflective of future performance to any degree. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a predictor of future performance. All information set forth herein speaks only as of the date hereof in the case of information about us or the date of such information in the case of information from persons other than us, and we disclaim any intention or obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the date of this prospectus. Forecasts and estimates regarding our industry and end markets are based on sources we believe to be reliable, however there can be no assurance these forecasts and estimates will prove accurate in whole or in part. Annualized, pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.

Industry and Market Data

The information contained herein also includes information provided by third parties, such as market research firms. Neither of REPAY nor its affiliates and any third parties that provide information to REPAY, such as market research firms, guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any information. Neither REPAY nor its affiliates and any third parties that provide information to REPAY, such as market research firms, are responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or the results obtained from the use of such content. Neither REPAY nor its affiliates give any express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use, and they expressly disclaim any responsibility or liability for direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees or losses (including lost income or profits and opportunity costs) in connection with the use of the information herein.

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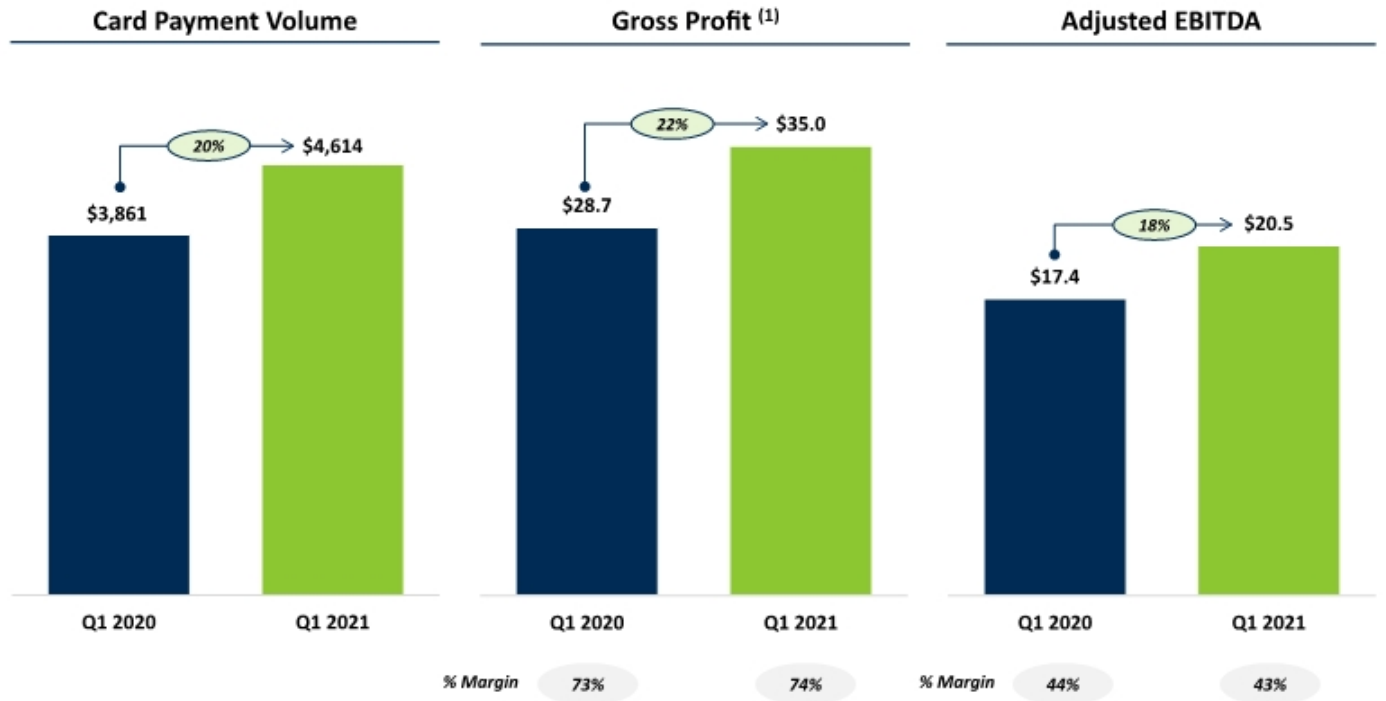
Section 1:
Financial Update

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

	Q1 2021
Card Payment Volume	\$4.6Bn (+20%)
Total Revenue	\$47.5MM (+20%)
Gross Profit ⁽¹⁾	\$35.0MM (+ 22%)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$20.5MM (+ 18%)

(Represents Y-o-Y Growth)

(\$MM)



Strong Liquidity Position as of April 30, 2021

Preliminary Financial Metrics as of April 30, 2021

Liquidity	
Cash on Hand	\$118 MM
Revolver Capacity	\$125 MM
Total Liquidity	\$243 MM⁽¹⁾


Focused on Maintaining Significant Liquidity

- Preserve liquidity and profitability through:
 - Focusing on high priority hiring
 - Limiting discretionary expenses
 - Negotiations with vendors
- Significant cash raised from concurrent convertible notes and follow-on equity offerings
- Business continues to show high cash flow conversion
- Continued investments in organic and inorganic growth

Leverage	
Total Debt	\$440 MM
Cash on Hand	\$118 MM
Net Debt	\$322 MM
PF Net Leverage⁽²⁾	2.9x

Committed to Prudently Managing Leverage

- Proceeds from concurrent convertible notes and follow-on equity offerings used to refinance existing term loan
 - Terminated existing interest rate hedge arrangement
 - No interest payments, no principal due on convertible notes until maturity in 2026 (if not converted)
- \$275 million to be paid as cash consideration as part of the acquisition of BillingTree
- \$125 million revolver facility provides flexibility for further acquisitions
 - Secured net leverage covenant is 2.00x (definitionally excludes convertible notes balance)

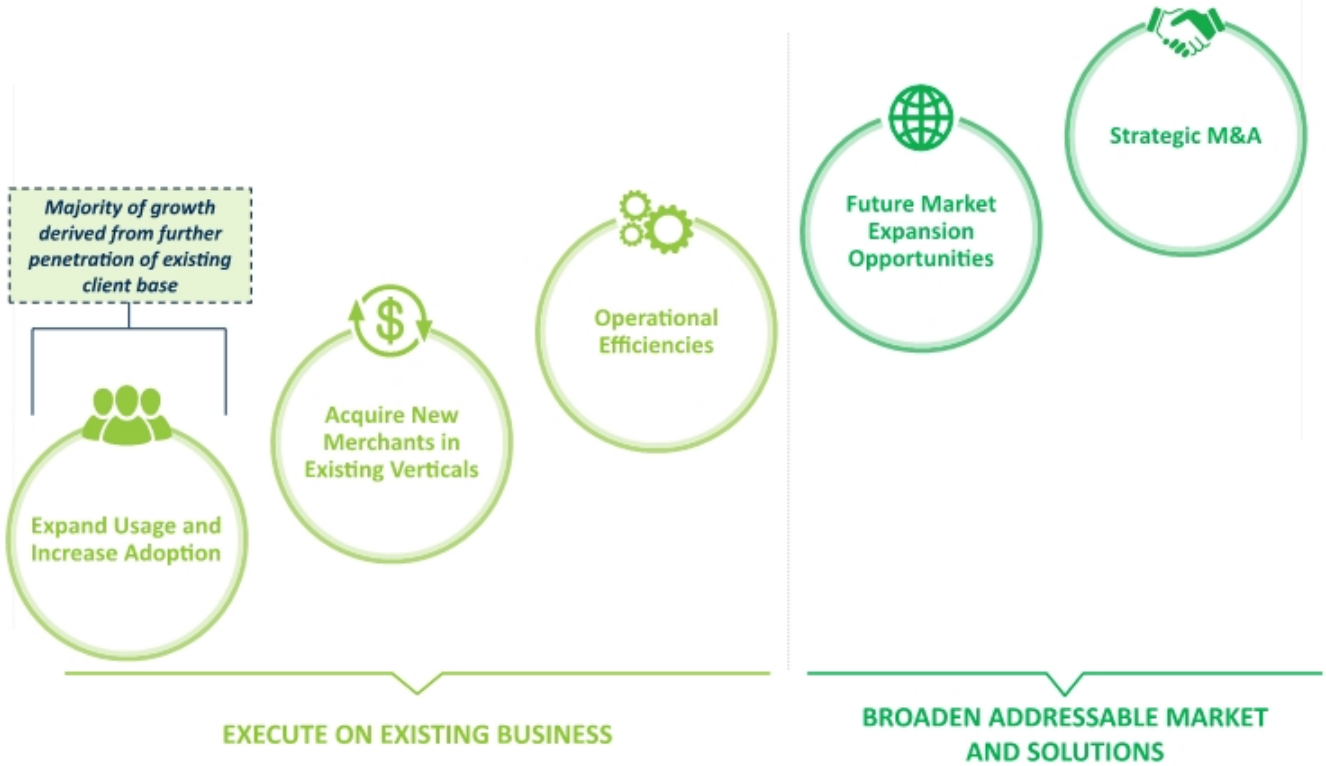


Section 2:
Strategy & Outlook

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

Multiple Levers to Continue to Drive Growth

Repay's Leading Platform & Attractive Market Opportunity Position It To Build On Its Record Of Robust Growth & Profitability



EXPANDING EXISTING BUSINESS

* Denotes new relationship added Q1 '21 and beyond

Added new customers via direct salesforce across all verticals



Further expansion in Canada, **live with the largest non-bank lender in the country**



Ended Q1 with 58 total credit union customers, which represents approximately **635K collective members**



Recently hired **three senior level sales reps with decades of combined payments experience**

132 Software Partner Relationships⁽¹⁾, including:

B2B Healthcare



Loan Repayment / ARM



B2B Virtual Card / AP Automation



Mortgage Servicing



BROADENING ADDRESSABLE MARKET AND SOLUTIONS



Expanded TAM to **~\$5.3 trillion⁽²⁾** through strategic M&A, including our recently announced acquisition of BillingTree



Continued to grow existing relationships and add new names to our **Buy Now Pay Later** pipeline



Completed concurrent common stock and convertible notes offerings, as well as closed a new revolving credit facility – providing the Company with **ample liquidity of \$243 million** to pursue deals



Hired 20+ software developers thus far in 2021 through relationship with Protego to **enhance and accelerate new product and research & development capabilities**

Combined AR and AP automation solution provides a compelling value proposition to clients

Merchant Acquiring



AP Automation



\$3.4Tn

Total Addressable Market⁽¹⁾

10+

Vertical End Markets

\$4Bn

Annualized Payment Volume⁽²⁾

3,250+

Clients

~71,000

Electronic Payments-Enabled Supplier Network

~50

Integrated Software Partners

This range assumes an increased outlook for REPAY's base business, along with BillingTree contribution for six months in 2021, including \$2MM of estimated pro forma synergies.

	FY 2021
Card Payment Volume	\$19.9 – \$20.4Bn
Total Revenue	\$210 – \$220MM
Gross Profit	\$159 – \$165MM
Adjusted EBITDA	\$91 – \$96MM

Section 3:
Appendix

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

(\$MM)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	
	2021	2020	Amount	%
Card Payment Volume	\$4,614.0	\$3,861.5	\$752.5	20%
Total Revenue	\$47.5	\$39.5	\$8.1	20%
Cost of Services	12.5	10.8	1.7	16%
Gross Profit ⁽¹⁾	\$35.0	\$28.7	\$6.4	22%
SG&A ⁽²⁾	40.0	25.8	14.4	56%
EBITDA	(\$4.9)	\$3.1	(\$8.1)	(258%)
Depreciation and Amortization	17.8	13.9	3.9	28%
Interest Expense	1.2	3.5	(2.3)	(66%)
Income Tax (Benefit)	(5.9)	(1.1)	(4.8)	(432%)
Net Income (Loss)	(\$18.0)	(\$13.2)	(\$4.8)	(36%)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$20.5	\$17.4	\$3.1	18%
Adjusted Net Income ⁽⁴⁾	\$15.2	\$12.4	\$2.9	23%

1) Gross Profit is defined as Total Revenue less Cost of Services

2) SG&A includes expense associated with the change in fair value of tax receivable liability, change in fair value of contingent consideration, change in fair value of warrant liabilities, and other income / expenses

3) See "Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation" on slide 13 for reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable GAAP measure

4) See "Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation" on slide 14 for reconciliation of Adjusted Net Income to its most comparable GAAP measure

Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

REPAY

Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(\$MM)	Q1 2021	Q1 2020 ^(1,3)
Net Income (Loss)	(\$18.0)	(\$13.2)
Interest Expense	1.2	3.5
Depreciation and Amortization ⁽¹⁾	17.8	13.9
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(5.9)	(1.1)
EBITDA	(\$4.9)	\$3.1
Loss on extinguishment of debt ⁽²⁾	5.9	—
Loss on termination of interest rate hedge ⁽³⁾	8.1	—
Non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	—	6.9
Non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration ⁽⁵⁾	2.6	—
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities ⁽⁶⁾	(1.0)	0.5
Share-based compensation expense ⁽⁷⁾	5.2	3.5
Transaction expenses ⁽⁸⁾	2.3	2.9
Employee recruiting costs ⁽⁹⁾	0.1	—
Other taxes ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.1	0.2
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs ⁽¹¹⁾	0.6	0.1
Other non-recurring charges ⁽¹²⁾	0.4	0.1
Adjusted EBITDA	\$20.5	\$17.4

1) For the three months ended March 31, 2021, reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of Trisource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, cPayPlus, and CPS Payments. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of Trisource Solutions, APS Payments, and Ventanex. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software. See additional information below for an analysis of our amortization expenses.

2) Reflects write-offs of debt issuance costs relating to prior term loans.

3) Reflects realized loss of REPAY's interest rate hedging arrangement which terminated in conjunction with the repayment of prior term loans.

4) Reflects the mark-to-market fair value adjustments of the warrant liabilities.

5) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of future cash consideration to be paid in connection with prior acquisitions from the amount estimated as of the most recent balance sheet date.

6) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of the fair value of the liability relating to the Tax Receivable Agreement.

7) Represents compensation expense associated with equity compensation plans, totaling \$5,150,588 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, and \$3,522,731 in the three months ended March 31, 2020.

8) Primarily consists of (i) during the three months ended March 31, 2021, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, cPayPlus and CPS Payments, as well as professional service expenses related to the January 2021 equity and convertible notes offerings, and (ii) during the three months ended March 31, 2020, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, and additional transaction expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination and the acquisitions of Trisource Solutions and APS Payments.

9) Represents payments made to third-party recruiters in connection with a significant expansion of REPAY's personnel, which REPAY expects will become more moderate in subsequent periods.

10) Reflects franchise taxes and other non-income based taxes.

11) Reflects consulting fees related to our processing services and other operational improvements, including restructuring and integration activities related to our acquired businesses, that were not in the ordinary course during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

12) For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects extraordinary refunds to customers and other payments related to COVID-19. Additionally, in the three months ended March 31, 2021 reflects non-cash rent expense, and in the three months ended March 31, 2020, reflects expenses incurred related to one-time accounting system and compensation plan implementation related to becoming a public company.

13) Does not include adjustment for incremental depreciation and amortization recorded due to fair-value adjustments under ASC 805.

Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation

REPAY

Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation		
(\$MM)	Q1 2021	Q1 2020 ^(1,4)
Net Income (Loss)	(\$18.0)	(\$13.2)
Amortization of Acquisition-Related Intangibles ⁽¹⁾	16.0	13.2
Loss on extinguishment of debt ⁽²⁾	5.9	—
Loss on termination of interest rate hedge ⁽³⁾	9.1	—
Non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	—	6.9
Non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration ⁽⁵⁾	2.6	—
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities ⁽⁶⁾	(1.0)	0.5
Share-based compensation expense ⁽⁷⁾	5.2	3.5
Transaction expenses ⁽⁸⁾	2.3	2.9
Employee recruiting costs ⁽⁹⁾	0.1	—
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.6	0.1
Other non-recurring charges ⁽¹¹⁾	0.4	0.1
Non-cash interest expense ⁽¹²⁾	0.5	—
Pro forma taxes at effective rate ⁽¹³⁾	(8.7)	(1.7)
Adjusted Net Income	\$15.1	\$12.4

- 1) For the three months ended March 31, 2021, reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of Trisource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, cPayPlus, and CPS Payments. For the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects amortization of customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and customer relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of Trisource Solutions, APS Payments, and Ventanex. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software. See additional information below for an analysis of our amortization expense.
- 2) Reflects write-offs of debt issuance costs relating to prior term loans.
- 3) Reflects realized loss of REPAY's interest rate hedging arrangement which terminated in conjunction with the repayment of prior term loans.
- 4) Reflects the mark-to-market fair value adjustments of the warrant liabilities.
- 5) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of future cash consideration to be paid in connection with prior acquisitions from the amount estimated as of the most recent balance sheet date.
- 6) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of the fair value of the liability relating to the Tax Receivable Agreement.
- 7) Represents compensation expense associated with equity compensation plans, totaling \$5,150,938 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, and \$3,522,731 in the three months ended March 31, 2020.
- 8) Primarily consists of (i) during the three months ended March 31, 2021, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, cPayPlus and CPS Payments, as well as professional service expenses related to the January 2021 equity and convertible note offerings, and (ii) during the three months ended March 31, 2020, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Ventanex, and additional transaction expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination and the acquisitions of Trisource Solutions and APS Payments.
- 9) Represents payments made to third-party recruiters in connection with a significant expansion of REPAY's personnel, which REPAY expects will become more moderate in subsequent periods.
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- 11) For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the three months ended March 31, 2020 reflects extraordinary refunds to customers and other payments related to COVID-19. Additionally, in the three months ended March 31, 2021 reflects non-cash rent expense, and in the three months ended March 31, 2020, reflects expenses incurred related to one-time accounting system and compensation plan implementation related to becoming a public company.
- 12) Represents non-cash deferred debt issuance costs.
- 13) Represents pro forma income tax adjustment effect associated with items adjusted above.
- 14) Does not include adjustment for incremental depreciation and amortization recorded due to fair value adjustments under ASC 805.

Depreciation and Amortization Detail

Depreciation and Amortization		
<i>(\$MM)</i>	Q1 2021	Q1 2020
Acquisition-Related Intangibles	\$16.0	\$13.2
Software	1.5	0.5
Amortization	17.5	13.7
Depreciation	0.3	0.2
Total Depreciation & Amortization	\$17.8	\$13.9

Note: Adjusted Net Income excludes amortization of all acquisition-related intangibles as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions (see corresponding adjustments in the reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income on slide 14). Management believes that the adjustment of acquisition-related intangible amortization supplements GAAP financial measures because it allows for greater comparability of operating performance. Although we exclude amortization from acquisition-related intangibles from our non-GAAP expenses, management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangibles were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangibles that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangibles have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in the amortization of additional intangibles.



REPAY[®]

Realtime Electronic Payments

REPAY[®]
Realtime Electronic Payments

Investor Presentation
May 2021

On July 11, 2019 (the "Closing Date"), Thunder Bridge Acquisition Ltd. ("Thunder Bridge") and Hawk Parent Holdings LLC ("Hawk Parent") completed their previously announced business combination under which Thunder Bridge acquired Hawk Parent, upon which Thunder Bridge changed its name to Repay Holdings Corporation ("REPAY" or the "Company"). Unless otherwise indicated, information provided in this presentation (a) that relates to any periods ended prior to the Closing Date reflect that of Hawk Parent prior to the Business Combination, (b) that relates to any period ended December 31, 2019 reflect the combination of (i) Hawk Parent for the periods from January 1, 2019 through July 10, 2019 and (ii) REPAY for the period from the Closing Date through December 31, 2019. Such combination reflects a simple arithmetic addition of the relevant periods. The historical financial information of Thunder Bridge prior to the Business Combination has not been reflected in any financial information of Hawk Parent. On May 10, 2021, the Company announced the proposed acquisition of the business of BillingTree. The closing of the BillingTree acquisition is subject to government approval and certain other closing conditions. It is expected to close by the end of the second quarter of 2021. When information provided in this presentation is provided "pro forma for BillingTree" or similar wording, it means that the numbers are presented as if the Company owned the BillingTree business as of the applicable date.

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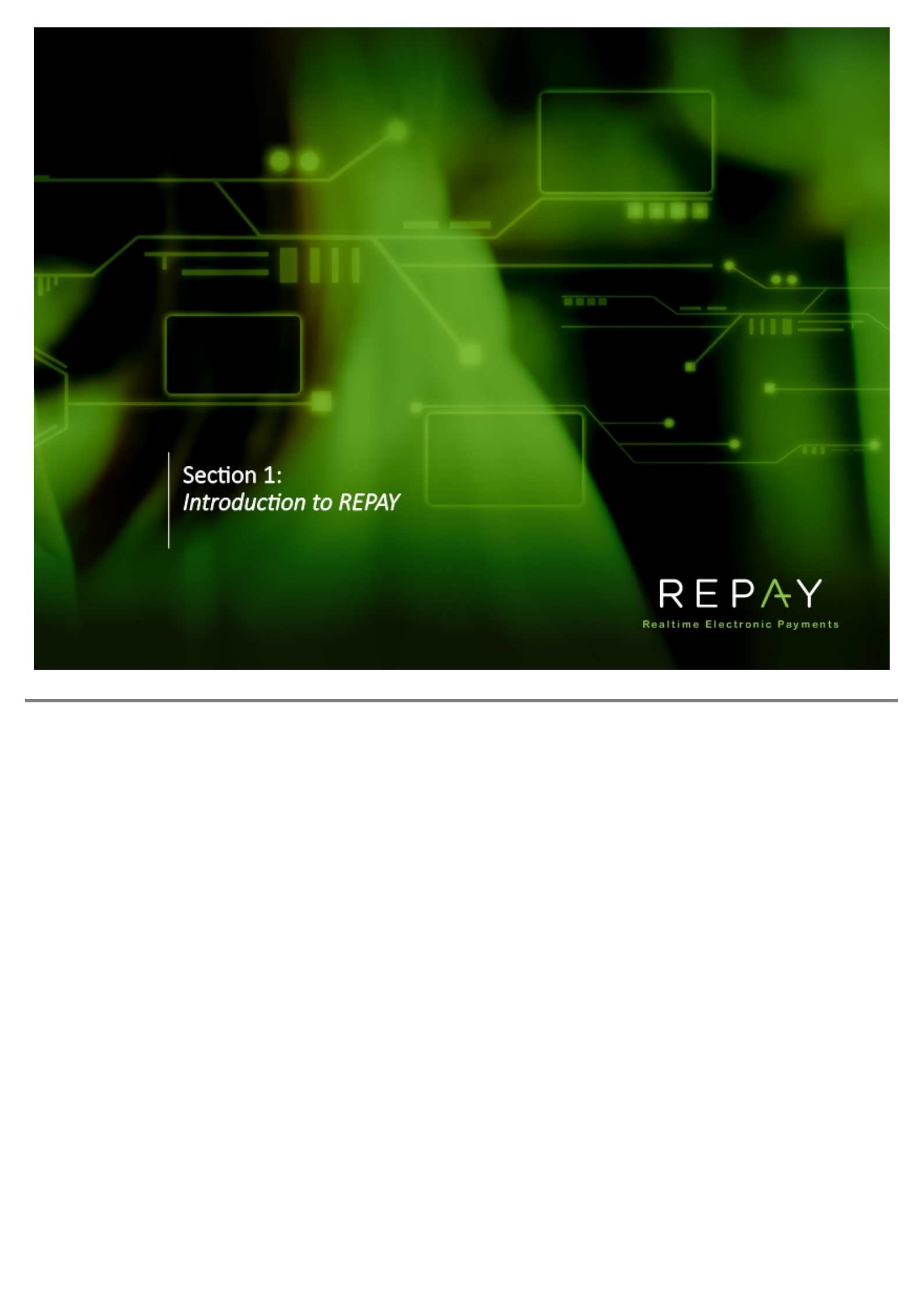
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Section 1:
Introduction to REPAY

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

REPAY[®]

Realtime Electronic Payments

A leading, highly-integrated omni-channel payment technology platform modernizing loan repayment verticals, B2B payments, and healthcare payments

\$15.2Bn

2020 Annual Card
Payment
Volume

44%

Historical Gross
Profit CAGR⁽¹⁾

175+

Software
Integrations⁽²⁾

81%

Cash Flow
Conversion⁽³⁾



- 1) CAGR is from 2018A – 2020A
- 2) As of 3/31/2021, pro forma for BillingTree acquisition
- 3) 2020A Cash Flow Conversion calculated as Adjusted EBITDA – Capex / Adjusted EBITDA

SHAREHOLDER RETURN DRIVEN BY



ORGANIC GROWTH

Secular Trends Away From Cash and Check Toward Digital Payments

Transaction Growth in Key Verticals

Further Penetrate Existing Clients



M&A CATALYSTS

Deepen Presence in Existing Verticals (e.g. Automotive, B2B, Credit Unions, Revenue Cycle Management, Healthcare)

Expand into New Verticals/Geographies

Transformational Acquisitions Extending Broader Solution Suite



LONG-TERM GROWTH

- ✓ **~\$5.3Trn TAM ⁽¹⁾ Creates Long Runway for Growth**
- ✓ **Deep Presence in Key Verticals Creates Significant Defensibility**
- ✓ **Highly Attractive Financial Model**

Our Strong Execution and Momentum

Executing Our Vision...

	At Initial Business Combination (IBC)	Today ⁽¹⁾
Total Addressable Market	~\$535Bn	~\$5.3Trn ⁽²⁾
Merchant Count	~4,000	~16,500+ ⁽³⁾
# of ISV Integrations	53	175+ ⁽⁴⁾

...And Delivering Superior Results

FY 2020	
Card Payment Volume	+42%
Gross Profit	+44%
Adj. EBITDA	+41%

1) As of 3/31/2021, pro forma for BillingTree acquisition
 2) Third-party research and management estimates
 3) Management estimate, includes TriSource, APS, Ventanex, cPayPlus, CPS Payments and BillingTree
 4) Includes integrations from APS, Ventanex, cPayPlus, CPS Payments and BillingTree acquisitions

Section 2:
REPAY Investment Highlights

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments



1 We Are Capitalizing on Large, Underserved Market Opportunities

REPAY's existing verticals represent ~\$5.3Trn⁽¹⁾ of projected annual total payment volume



\$15.2Bn
2020 Annual Card Payment Volume

REPAY

REPAY's key end markets have been *underserved* by payment technology and service providers due to unique market dynamics

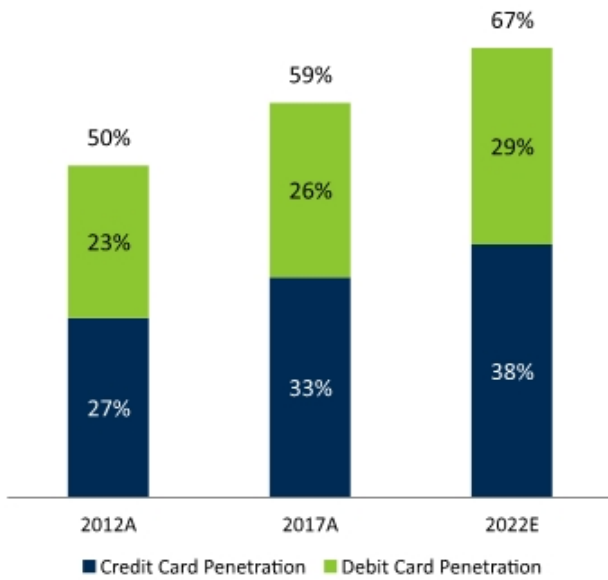
- **Loan repayment, B2B, and healthcare markets have lagged other industry verticals in moving to electronic payments**
 - Credit cards are not permitted in loan repayment which has resulted in overall low card penetration
 - B2B payments (including AP and AR) have traditionally been made via check or ACH
 - Shift towards high deductible health plans resulting in growing proportion of consumer payments
- **Merchants serving REPAY's markets—spanning consumer and business payments—are facing increasing demand from customers for electronic and omnichannel payment solutions**

1) Third-party research and management estimates. Includes BillingTree.

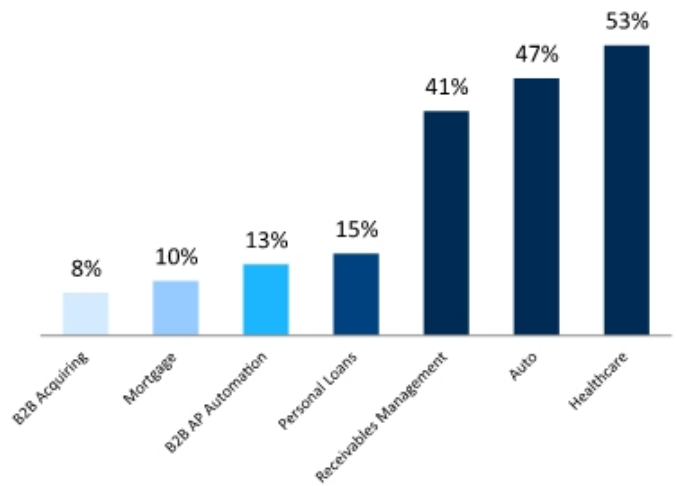
1 Card and Debit Payments Underpenetrated in Our Verticals

Loan Repayments, B2B Payments, and Healthcare Payments Lag Other Markets in Migrating to Card Payments

Card Payment Penetration Across Industries ⁽¹⁾...



...And in REPAY's Verticals⁽²⁾



2 REPAY Has Built a Leading Next- Gen Software Platform

REPAY

Proprietary, Integrated Payment Technology Platform Reduces Complexity For a Unified Commerce Experience

Merchants



- Accelerated payment cycle (ability to lend more / faster) through card processing
- Faster access to funds to help businesses with working capital
- 24 / 7 payment acceptance through “always open” omni-channel offering
- Direct software integrations into loan, dealer, and business management systems reduces operational complexity for merchant
- Improved regulatory compliance through fewer ACH returns

REPAY

Pay
Anywhere,
Any Way,
Any Time

Businesses and Consumers



- Self-service capabilities through ability to pay anywhere, any way and any time, 24 / 7
- Option to make real-time payments through use of card transactions
- Immediate feedback that payment has been processed
- Omni-channel payment methods (e.g. Web, Mobile, IVR, Text)
- Fewer ancillary charges (e.g. NSF fees) for borrowers through automatic recurring online debit card payments

REPAY's omni-channel payment and electronic billing management platform significantly reduces complexity for customers and enhances the end-user experience



Web



Mobile App



Text



IVR

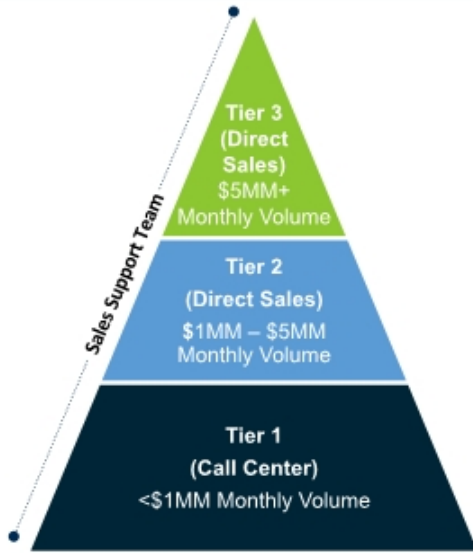
REPAY
Next-Gen Electronic Payments

3 Key Software Integrations Accelerates Distribution

REPAY Leverages A Vertically Tiered Sales Strategy Supplemented By Software Integrations To Drive New Merchant Acquisitions

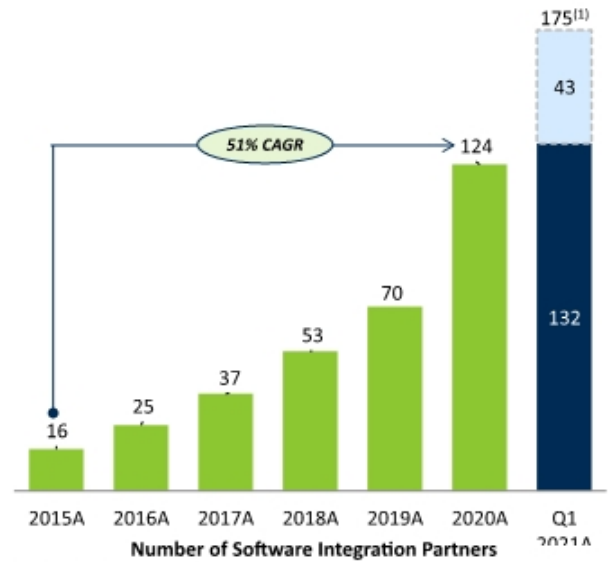
Sales Strategy / Distribution Model

- Direct sales model that is structured by vertical and by production tier
- Sales Support Team increases sales and supports onboarding process



Software Integrations

- Successfully integrated with many of the top software providers
 - Software integrations enable the direct salesforce to more easily access new merchant opportunities and respond to inbound leads
- Robust pipeline of other software vendors currently in discussions to integrate



1) Inclusive of 50 incremental integrations from acquisition of BillingTree, removes potential overlap w/ existing Repay integrations.

4 Attractive and Diverse Client Base Across Key Verticals

REPAY

REPAY's Platform Provides Significant Value To >16,500 ⁽¹⁾ Merchants Offering Solutions Across A Variety Of Industry Verticals



REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

¹⁾ Management estimate, including TriSource, APS, Ventanex, cPayPlus, CPS Payments and BillingTree.
²⁾ As of 3/31/2021, pro forma for BillingTree acquisition
³⁾ Represents out-of-pocket payments to providers

5 Demonstrated Ability to Acquire and Successfully Integrate Businesses

Represents A Significant Opportunity To Enhance Organic Growth In Existing Verticals And Accelerate Entry Into New Markets And Services

 THEME	 ACQUISITIONS	 RATIONALE
<p>New Vertical Expansion</p>	      	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expansion into the Healthcare, Automotive, Receivables Management, B2B Acquiring, B2B Healthcare, Mortgage Servicing, B2B AP Automation verticals
<p>Deepen Presence in Existing Verticals</p>	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accelerates expansion into Automotive, Credit Union and Receivables Management verticals
<p>Extend Solution Set via New Capabilities</p>	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Back-end transaction processing capabilities, which enhance M&A strategy Value-add complex exception processing capabilities

*Completed since becoming a public company
 **Pending, not yet closed



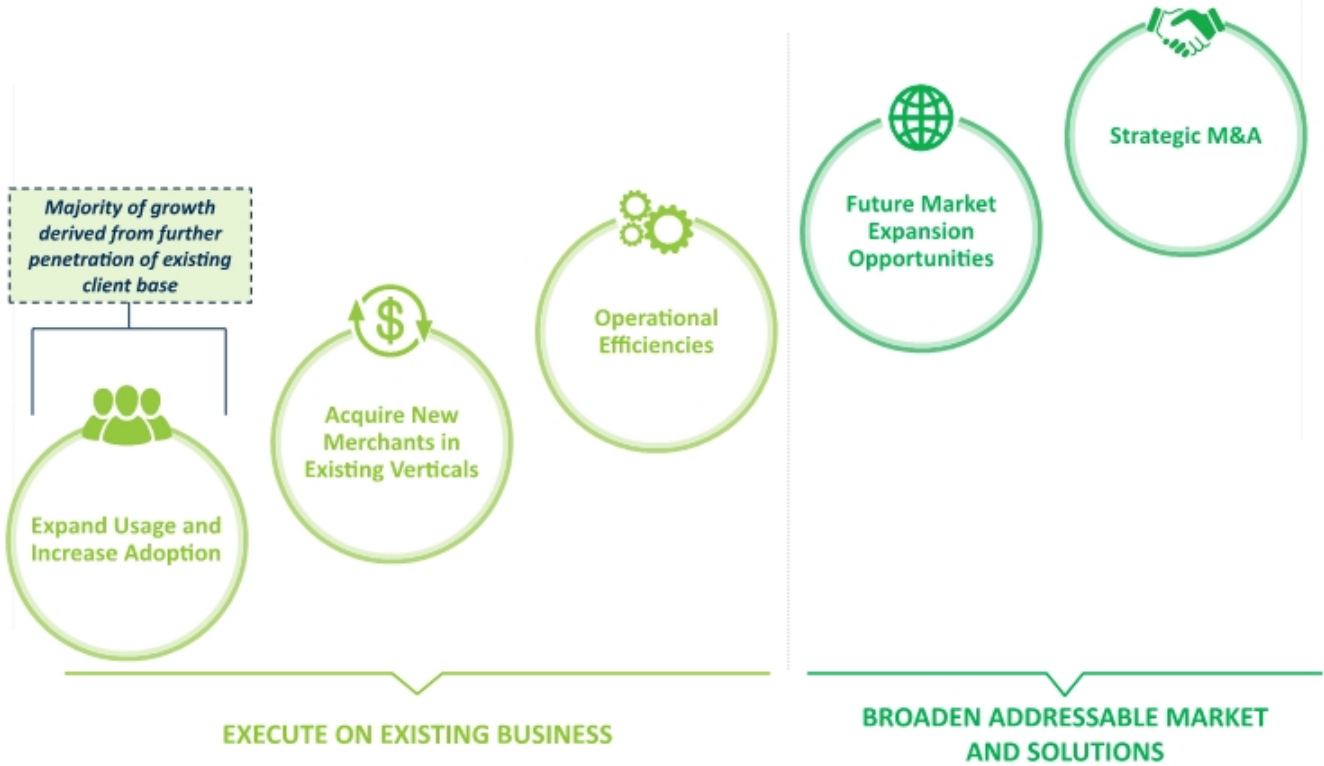
Demonstrated ability to source, acquire and integrate various targets across different verticals



Dedicated team to manage robust M&A pipeline

5 Multiple Levers to Continue to Drive Growth

REPAY's Leading Platform & Attractive Market Opportunity Position It To Build On Its Record Of Growth & Profitability



6 Experienced Board with Deep Payments Expertise

REPAY

9-Member Board Of Directors Comprised Of Industry Veterans And Influential Leaders In The Financial Services And Payment Industries



John Morris

CEO & Co-Founder



Shaler Alias

President & Co-Founder



Jeremy Schein

*Managing Director,
Corsair*



Richard Thornburgh

*Senior Advisor,
Corsair*



William Jacobs

*Former SVP, Mastercard /
Board Member, Global Payments
and Green Dot*



Peter Kight

*Chairman, Founder
of CheckFree /
Former Vice
Chairman, Fiserv*



Paul Garcia

*Former Chairman
and CEO, Global
Payments*



Bob Hartheimer

*Former Managing Director,
Promontory*



Maryann Goebel

*Former CIO,
Fiserv*

REPAY
Real-time Electronic Payments

Section 3:
REPAY Financial Overview

REPAY
Realtime Electronic Payments

REPAY's Unique Model Translates Into A Highly Attractive Financial Profile

\$15.2Bn

2020 Annual Card
Payment Volume

175+

Software
Integrations⁽¹⁾

81%

Cash Flow
Conversion⁽²⁾

43%

Historical Card Payment
Volume CAGR⁽³⁾

44%

Historical Gross
Profit CAGR⁽³⁾

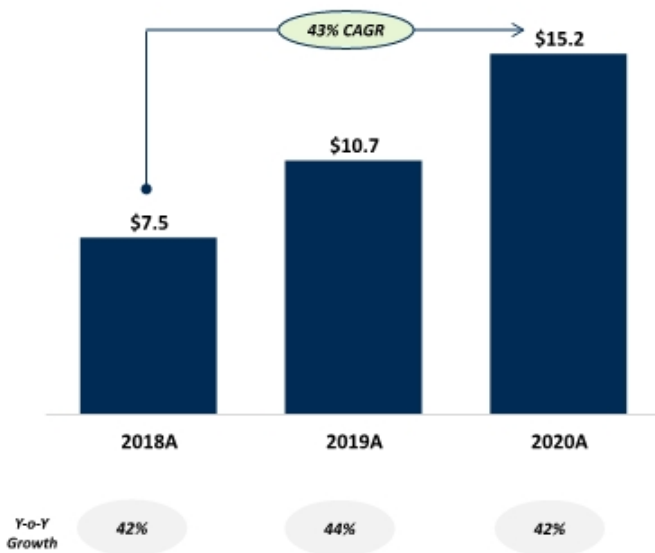
36%

Historical Adjusted
EBITDA CAGR⁽³⁾

- ✓ Low volume attrition and low risk portfolio
- ✓ Differentiated technology platform & ecosystem
- ✓ Deeply integrated with customer base
- ✓ Recurring transaction / volume based revenue

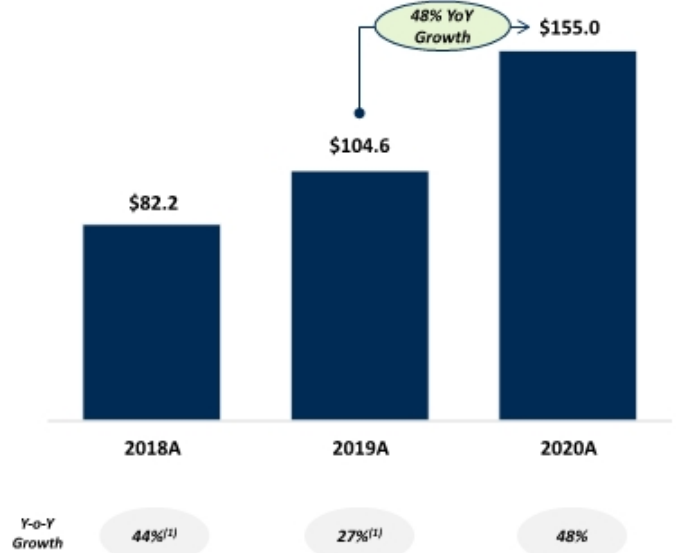
Total Card Payment Volume (\$Bn)

REPAY has generated strong, consistent volume growth, resulting in ~\$15.2Bn in annual card processing volume in 2020



Total Revenue (\$MM)

REPAY's revenue growth has been strong, resulting in 48% YoY Growth from 2019 to 2020

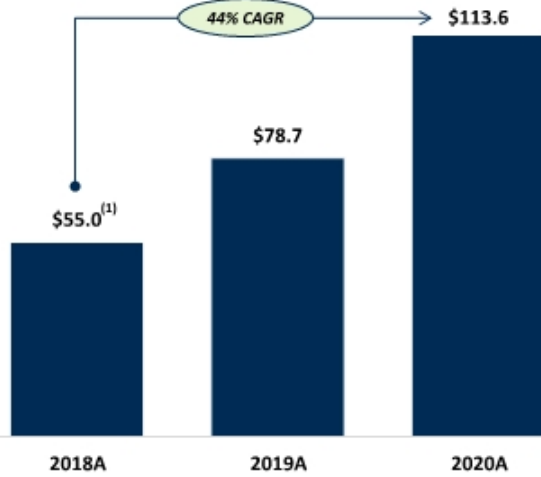


REPAY 1) 2018 and 2019 growth rates are calculated using Processing and Service Fees, unadjusted for the impact of the adoption of ASC 606

(\$MM)

Gross Profit

Gross margins are improving due to a decrease in processing costs



% Margin

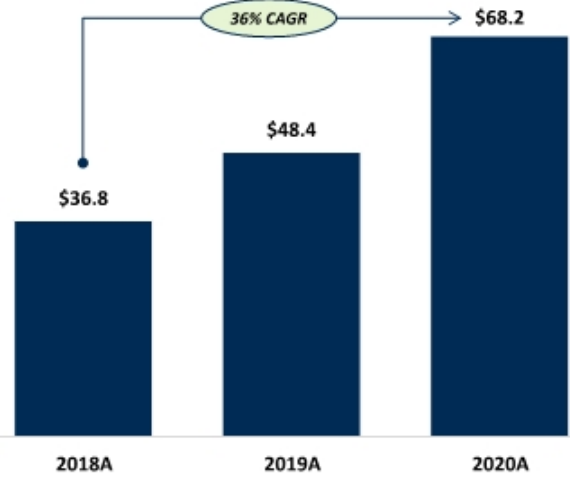
67%⁽³⁾

75%

73%

Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾

Highly scalable platform with attractive margins



% Margin

45%⁽³⁾

46%

44%

Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation – Historical

REPAY

(\$MM)	2018A	2019A	2020A
Net Income (Loss)	\$10.5	(\$55.1)	(\$84.7)
Interest Expense	6.1	9.1	14.4
Depreciation and Amortization ⁽¹⁾	10.4	14.6	28.2
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	–	(5.0)	(12.4)
EBITDA	\$27.0	(\$36.5)	(\$54.5)
Loss on extinguishment of debt ⁽²⁾	0.0	1.4	–
Non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration ⁽³⁾	(1.1)	–	(2.5)
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	–	1.6	12.4
Share-based compensation expense ⁽⁵⁾	0.8	22.9	19.4
Transaction expenses ⁽⁶⁾	4.8	40.1	10.9
Management Fees ⁽⁷⁾	0.4	0.2	–
Legacy commission related charges ⁽⁸⁾	4.2	2.6	8.6
Employee recruiting costs ⁽⁹⁾	0.3	0.1	0.2
Loss on disposition of property and equipment	0.0	–	–
Other taxes ⁽¹⁰⁾	0.2	0.2	0.4
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs ⁽¹¹⁾	0.3	0.4	1.1
Other non-recurring charges ⁽¹²⁾	(0.0)	0.2	1.2
Non-cash change in fair value of warrant liabilities ⁽¹³⁾	–	15.3	70.8
Adjusted EBITDA	\$36.8	\$48.4	\$68.2

Note: Financials have been updated to match the Company's related financials in its amended Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

- 1) For the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 reflects amortization of (i) customer relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the Business Combination, and (ii) customer relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through Repay Holdings, LLC's acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, ePayPlus, and CPS Payments subsequent to the close of the respective acquisitions. For the Successor Period, reflects amortization of intangibles related to the Business Combination as well as the acquisitions of TriSource Solutions and APS Payments described previously. For the Predecessor Period reflects the customer relationships intangibles acquired through Hawk Parent's acquisitions of PaidSafe, Inc. and PaidMD, LLC (together, "PaidSafe") and Paymax Pro, LLC ("Paymax") during the year ended December 31, 2017 and the recapitalization transaction in 2016, through which Hawk Parent was formed in connection with the acquisition of a majority interest in Repay Holdings, LLC by certain investment funds sponsored by, or affiliated with, Constar Capital LLC. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, reflects amortization of customer relationships intangibles acquired through Hawk Parent's acquisitions of PaidSafe and Paymax during the year ended December 31, 2017 and the 2016 Recapitalization transaction. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software.
- 2) Reflects write-offs of debt issuance costs relating to Hawk Parent's term loans and prepayment penalties relating to its previous debt facilities.
- 3) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of the fair value of the liability relating to the Tax Receivable Agreement.
- 4) Represents compensation expense associated with equity compensation plans, totaling \$19,455,800 in the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 (\$908,976 in the Predecessor periods from July 1, 2019 to July 10, 2019 and January 1, 2019 to July 10, 2019, and \$22,013,287 as a result of one grants made in the Successor period from July 11, 2019 to December 31, 2019, and \$796,347 for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- 5) Primarily consists of (i) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, professional service fees and other costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of CPS Payments, and additional transaction expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination and the acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex and ePayPlus, which closed in prior periods, as well as professional service expenses related to the follow on offerings and (ii) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, professional service fees and other costs in connection with the Business Combination, as well as the acquisitions of TriSource Solutions and APS Payments. During the twelve months ended December 30, 2018, professional service fees and other costs in connection with the Business Combination, and additional transaction related expenses in connection with the acquisitions of PaidSafe and Paymax, which transactions closed in 2017.
- 6) Reflects management fees paid to Constar Investments, L.P. pursuant to the management agreement, which terminated upon the completion of the Business Combination.
- 7) Represents payments made to certain employees and partners in connection with significant restructuring of their commission structures. These payments represented commission structure changes which are not in the ordinary course of business.
- 8) Represents payments made to third party recruiters in connection with a significant expansion of our personnel, which REPAY expects will become more moderate in subsequent periods.
- 9) Reflects franchise taxes and other non-income based taxes.
- 10) Reflects consulting fees related to our processing services and other operational improvements, including restructuring and integration activities related to our acquired businesses, that were not in the ordinary course during the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, and additionally one-time expenses related to the creation of a new entity in connection with equity arrangements for the members of Hawk Parent in connection with the Business Combination in the twelve months ended December 31, 2019.
- 11) For the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, reflects expenses incurred related to one-time accounting system and corporation plan implementation related to becoming a public company, as well as extraordinary refunds to customers and other payments related to COVID-19. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, reflects expenses incurred related to other one-time legal and compliance matters, as well as a one-time credit issued to a customer which was not in the ordinary course of business. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2018 reflects reversal of adjustments over the prior and current periods made for legal expenses incurred related to a dispute with a former customer, for which we were reimbursed in the current period as a result of its settlement.
- 12) Reflects the mark-to-market fair value adjustments of the warrant liabilities.



REPAY[®]

Realtime Electronic Payments
